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## Full Form of Legal Court Terminology in India

Full Form of Legal Court Terminology in India. Judiciary Glossary of commonly used Abbreviations in LAW.

Α

ADR	Alternative Dispute Resolution

AILET	All India Law Entrance Test
AIR	All India Reporter
ASJ	Additional Session Judge

#### C

CD	Case Diary
CEDAW	Convention on Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women
СЛ	Chief Justice of India
CJM	Chief Judicial Magistrate
CL	Constitutional Law
CL	Criminal Law
CLAT	Common Law Admission Test
СМА	Civil Miscellaneous Appeals.
СО	Court Order
CPC	Civil Procedure Court
CPC	Civil Procedure Code
CRN	Case Registration Number
CrPC	Code of Criminal Procedure
CS	Charge Sheet

## $\mathsf{D}$

DC	District Court
DC	District Collector
DDR	Daily Diary Record
DJ	District Judge
DM	District Magistrate
DSP	Deputy Superintendent of Police

F

FIR	First Information Report
FR	Final Report

Н

НС	High Court
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I

10	Investigative Officer
IPC	Indian Penal Code
IPR	Intellectual Property Rights

J

JM	Judicial Magistrate
JMFC	Judicial Magistrate First Class

L

LLB	Bachelor of Laws
LLM	Master of Law

M

MOU	Memorandum of Understanding
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Ν

NCRB	National Crime Record Bureau
NCW	National Commission for Women

 $\bigcirc$ 

ОС	Office in Charge
ОМ	Office Memo
OP	Original Petition

## Р

PCPNDTA	Pre-Conception and Pre-Natal Diagnostic Techniques Act
PIL	Public Interest Litigation
PIO	Public Information Officer

## R

RTI		Right To Information
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## S

SC	Supreme Court
SDC	Sub Divisional Collector
SDJM	Sub Divisional Judicial Magistrate
SHO	Station Host Officer
SIT	Special Investigation Team
SJ	Session Judge
SP	Superintendent of Police
STP	Special Tribunal Petition

#### T

W

WCC	White Collar Crime
WP	Writ Petition

# Understanding Common Legal Terminologies in India: A Comprehensive Glossary

Navigating the legal landscape in India can be complex, especially with the myriad of abbreviations and terminologies used in the judiciary. Whether you are a law student, a legal professional, or simply someone interested in understanding legal proceedings, having a grasp of these terms is essential. Here, we present a comprehensive glossary of commonly used legal abbreviations in India.

#### ADR: ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION

ADR refers to methods of resolving disputes outside traditional judicial processes, including mediation, arbitration, and negotiation.

#### AILET: ALL INDIA LAW ENTRANCE TEST

AILET is a national-level entrance exam for admission to various law programs in India.

#### AIR: ALL INDIA REPORTER

AIR is a publication that reports judgments of the Supreme Court of India, High Courts, and other tribunals.

## ASJ: Additional Sessions Judge

An ASJ handles serious criminal cases and appeals from lower courts in the sessions court.

#### CD: CASE DIARY

A CD contains a detailed record of the investigation conducted by the police in a particular case.

## CEDAW: Convention on Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women

CEDAW is an international treaty aimed at eliminating discrimination against women and promoting gender equality.

## CJI: CHIEF JUSTICE OF INDIA

The CJI is the head of the judiciary and the Supreme Court of India.

### CJM: CHIEF JUDICIAL MAGISTRATE

A CJM oversees the functioning of the magistrate courts within their jurisdiction.

#### CL: Constitutional Law / Criminal Law

CL can refer to Constitutional Law, which deals with the interpretation and implementation of the constitution, or Criminal Law, which pertains to laws related to crime and punishment.

#### CLAT: COMMON LAW ADMISSION TEST

CLAT is an entrance exam for admission to undergraduate and postgraduate law programs in National Law Universities across India.

#### CMA: CIVIL MISCELLANEOUS APPEALS

CMA refers to appeals related to civil matters that do not fall under regular civil suits.

#### CO: COURT ORDER

A CO is a formal directive issued by a court.

#### CPC: CIVIL PROCEDURE CODE

CPC outlines the procedure for the administration of civil litigation in India.

#### CRN: Case Registration Number

CRN is a unique identifier assigned to each case filed in a court.

#### CRPC: CODE OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE

CrPC is the primary legislation on the procedure for the administration of substantive criminal law in India.

#### CS: CHARGE SHEET

A CS is a document prepared by the police detailing the charges against the accused.

#### DC: DISTRICT COURT / DISTRICT COLLECTOR

DC can refer to a District Court, which is a jurisdictional authority in a district, or a District Collector, an administrative head of a district.

#### DDR: DAILY DIARY RECORD

A DDR is a log maintained by the police, recording daily activities and incidents.

### DJ: DISTRICT JUDGE

A DJ presides over the district court and handles serious civil and criminal cases.

#### DM: DISTRICT MAGISTRATE

A DM is responsible for maintaining law and order in a district.

#### DSP: DEPUTY SUPERINTENDENT OF POLICE

A DSP is a police officer ranking above an Assistant Superintendent and below a Superintendent.

#### FIR: FIRST INFORMATION REPORT

An FIR is the initial report made to the police about the commission of an offense.

#### FR: FINAL REPORT

An FR is a report submitted by the police concluding an investigation.

#### HC: HIGH COURT

HC refers to the highest judicial authority in a state or union territory.

#### IO: Investigative Officer

An IO is responsible for conducting investigations into criminal cases.

#### IPC: Indian Penal Code

IPC is the primary criminal code of India, detailing offenses and their punishments.

#### IPR: INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

IPR refers to the legal rights protecting creations of the mind, such as inventions, literary works, and designs.

## JM: Judicial Magistrate

A JM handles minor criminal cases and preliminary judicial proceedings.

## JMFC: JUDICIAL MAGISTRATE FIRST CLASS

A JMFC has more extensive powers compared to a Judicial Magistrate of the second class.

#### LLB: BACHELOR OF LAWS

LLB is an undergraduate law degree.

#### LLM: MASTER OF LAW

LLM is a postgraduate law degree.

#### MOU: Memorandum of Understanding

An MOU is a formal agreement between two or more parties.

#### NCRB: NATIONAL CRIME RECORD BUREAU

NCRB is an Indian government agency responsible for collecting and analyzing crime data.

#### NCW: NATIONAL COMMISSION FOR WOMEN

NCW is a statutory body focused on protecting and promoting women's rights.

#### OC: OFFICER IN CHARGE

An OC is responsible for a police station or a specific police unit.

#### OM: OFFICE MEMO

An OM is an official memorandum issued by a government office.

#### **OP: ORIGINAL PETITION**

An OP is the initial pleading filed by the petitioner in a legal proceeding.

## PCPNDT ACT: PRE-CONCEPTION AND PRE-NATAL DIAGNOSTIC TECHNIQUES ACT

The PCPNDT Act aims to prevent sex-selective abortions and regulate diagnostic techniques.

#### PIL: PUBLIC INTEREST LITIGATION

PIL allows individuals or groups to file petitions in court for public causes.

#### PIO: PUBLIC INFORMATION OFFICER

A PIO is responsible for providing information requested under the Right to Information Act.

#### RTI: RIGHT TO INFORMATION

RTI is a law that empowers citizens to access information from public authorities.

#### SC: SUPREME COURT

The SC is the highest judicial authority in India.

#### SDC: SUB DIVISIONAL COLLECTOR

An SDC is responsible for administrative functions in a sub-division of a district.

## SDJM: Sub Divisional Judicial Magistrate

An SDJM handles judicial matters within a sub-division of a district.

#### SHO: STATION HOUSE OFFICER

An SHO is the officer in charge of a police station.

#### SIT: Special Investigation Team

An SIT is a team appointed to investigate serious or complex cases.

## SJ: Sessions Judge

An SJ presides over a sessions court and handles major criminal cases.

#### SP: Superintendent of Police

An SP is the head of the police force in a district.

#### STP: Special Tribunal Petition

An STP is a petition filed in special tribunals for specific matters.

#### TCA: TAX CASE APPEAL

TCA refers to appeals related to tax disputes.

#### WCC: WHITE COLLAR CRIME

WCC refers to non-violent crimes committed for financial gain, typically involving deceit or breach of trust.

#### **WP: WRIT PETITION**

A WP is a formal written request to a court seeking judicial intervention.

Understanding these legal terminologies is crucial for anyone engaged in or interested in the legal processes in India. This glossary provides a quick reference to some of the most commonly used abbreviations and their full forms in the Indian judiciary system, ensuring clarity and comprehension in legal matters.

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